

THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

VOL. 5.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND, MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1861.

NO. 148.

THE BRITISH COLONIST

IS PUBLISHED
EVERY MORNING,
(Sundays Excepted.)
AT VICTORIA, V. I.

TERMS:

Per Annum, in advance, by Mail, \$10.00
For Six Months, 6.00
Per Week, payable to the Carrier, 25
Single Copies, 10

Advertisements inserted on the most reasonable
terms.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

Is furnished to Subscribers for \$6 a year; \$4 for six
months; \$2.50 for three months; payable in advance.

NOTICE:

L. P. FISHER is our only authorized Agent for the
collecting of advertisements, etc., in San Francisco.

FROM OUR

EVING EDITION

OF SATURDAY, JUNE 8.

Arrival of the Bark Glimpse!

Three Days Later News.

VESSELS CAPTURED.

Skirmishes in Virginia!

The bark Glimpse, Capt. Reynolds, arrived this morning at 11 o'clock from San Francisco, bringing three days later news, and making the passage within 8 days. She brings 300 tons of freight, and 23 passengers, consigned to Pickett & Co.

FORT CHURCHILL, May 28.

A Washington despatch of May 17th, says Gen. Mansfield has issued an order that no Express matter, including letters, will be permitted to go south of Washington, into Virginia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.

A steamer arrived reports seeing off Cape亨pen, the steamer Yankee with 3 prizes (steamer) in tow, sailing north.

ANNAPOLIS, May 17.

100 men with two cannons left on a steamer for the purpose of retaking the light ships on the great Oronoco river. Secessionists are scattering troops through Virginia to insure insurrection of the majority by their views.

MONTGOMERY, May 17.

Congress has passed a number of bills, organizing the Patent Office, regulating Telegraph lines, and authorizing the issue of \$50,000,000 in bonds, payable in 20 years, with the interest at 8 per cent.

British vessels were refused admittance into Charleston harbor by the blockading fleet.

Great discontent exists among the rebel troops.

It is reliably stated that France and England will not recognise the Southern Confederacy. Lincoln's blockade is considered just.

An Act was passed abolishing the Mints at New Orleans and Dahlonega after June Congress was invited to visit Pensacola.

NEW YORK, May 18.

The tug Yankee has arrived, having in tow three schooners loaded with tobacco, surrendered to the Harriet Lane off Cape Henry. She reports that the ship North Carolina, in ballast, and another ship, had been seized.

Twenty vessels had been detained by the fleet, including five tobacco vessels.

The President remarked a day or two since, that the eastern part of Virginia would soon be taken possession of, and the rebel flag in Alexandria, which can be seen from the White House, wave there no longer.

WASHINGTON, May 17.

It is the prevailing impression here to-day, in view of the sudden movements on Baltimore, and the transfer of the command from Butler to Cadwalader, that an attack on Harper's Ferry, the seizure of Alexandria, and the capture of Pensacola, are events very near at hand. It is confirmatory of this that the troops at the North who enlisted for three years service, are ordered to be here immediately.

NEW YORK, May 18.

It is probable that Gen. McClellan will enter Western Virginia at the head of the Ohio and Western troops, simultaneously with the move of General Butler on Norfolk.

Negotiations for the purchase of the steamship Atlantic for \$350,000 were broken off by the Secretary of the Treasury, on hearing that she had been offered \$20,000 less to the Galway line.

A despatch to the N. Y. Express states that the rebels fired on the Federal troops at Wycombe river, and the fire was returned by the troops. The rebels retreated.

The difficulties between the North and South is greatly affecting commerce.

CHICAGO, May 18.

Douglas is better; but his situation is still regarded as critical.

MONTGOMERY, May 18.

Arkansas is admitted as one of the Confederate States.

NEW ORLEANS, May 18.

The steamer General Miramon arrived from Havana. The United States Consulate at Havana refuses clearances to vessels for ports in seceded States.

The whole row of wooden buildings on both sides of Commercial street, between Sansome and Battery, San Francisco, were destroyed by fire on the night of the 27th May.

Additional by the Glimpse.

ST. LOUIS, May 17, P. M.

Advices from Jefferson City state that 1,500 State troops, gathered from Cole and neighboring counties, are stationed at that place to defend it against attack. Four pieces of artillery are there.

Major-General Price has issued orders directing the Brigadier-Generals of the several districts to organize the militia of the State, and report to headquarters.

NEW YORK, May 17.

A detachment of U. S. troops arrived here yesterday from Fortress Monroe, and went to Governor's Island. They report the garrison of Monroe in good health and well supplied with all necessities. The artillery school was in vigorous progress, the regiments being daily exercised over the mind of the Emperor.

CHICAGO, May 18.

Senator Douglas has been very ill with typhoid fever ever since he returned to this city, and fears are entertained by his friends that he will not recover.

The World's despatch from Washington says: Passengers via Harper's Ferry report the rebels erecting fortifications on the Maryland side; also erecting one of railroad iron, twelve miles below the Ferry.

It is reported that considerable discontent exists among the troops at Richmond.

The Catawba, arrived at Washington, states that the Harriet Lane was blockading the James and Elizabeth rivers, the Monticello, York river, the Quaker City, Chesapeake bay, and the Minnesota is off Point Comfort.

The Quaker City towed the ship Arago, of Baltimore, to sea from Richmond with a cargo of tobacco, valued at \$100,000; Commodore Stringham putting a crew aboard till it reaches New York.

ST. LOUIS, May 18.

A communication to the Press, signed by W. P. Smith, says the reported destruction of the bridge on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is untrue, as also the report in a New York morning paper that he had asked Gen. Scott to take military possession of the road.

A special despatch to the Commercial Advertiser says, within a few days the Massachusetts regiments will be ordered to Fortress Monroe.

The capital buildings will be cleared of troops by the first of June, and be renovated for the extra session of Congress.

The Michigan rifle regiment arrived here in fine condition, being the first body of Western troops that has reached the Capital.

There is no positive indication of the advance of the rebels, nor have batteries been erected on Arlington Heights.

Mr. Herbert, Superintendent of Mount Vernon, says there is no foundation for the report that the remains of Washington have been removed from their resting place.

Ex-Governor Reeder, of Pennsylvania and Kansas, has been appointed Brigadier-General by the President.

BALTIMORE, May 17.

Ross Winans has been honorably discharged, according to orders from Washington.

The New York Herald's Montgomery correspondent states that it has been partially decided that Jeff Davis is to take command at Richmond. The greatest discontent is felt by the rebel troops for want of a reliable head, and has had its influence on Davis. It is also stated that it has been seriously discussed in secret session to remove the Seat of Government to Richmond, but the intimation having been received of the intention to take possession of that city, it was deemed advisable not to go so far North at present.

The same correspondent further says that the reports about Beauregard being dead or wounded are unfounded.

A gentleman says he was informed by Governor Lecher, of Virginia, the truth of the statement that arms had been received at New Orleans.

NEW YORK, May 17.

The Herald's special Cincinnati dispatch of the 17th says that Gen. McClellan has sent 5,000 guns for the use of Kentucky Unionists.

NEW YORK, May 18.

A special dispatch from Baltimore to the Herald says: News from Harper's Ferry states that new batteries have been erected on the hills. It was supposed they would be attacked soon after the close of this week, and that Gen. Butler would command the expedition.

Yesterday, scouting parties were sent out, and telegraphic signals agreed on, by which the approach of troops was to be made known.

Gentlemen from Virginia, here now, confirm the reports that any army which invades that State will be harassed by numerous bands of guerrillas.

An officer of the troops, just from Cairo, says that Gen. Pillow was certainly seen on the Kentucky side of the river on Saturday.

The Times' Washington despatch says, the Secretary of War has to-day accepted the first brigade of Chicago, 3,000 strong, they go for the war. Col. Milligan leaves for Illinois to-morrow, to bring them on.

It is intended, to-morrow, to suspend all the steam mail service in the seceded States, as their steamer have no business now of any importance, except the mail service, from which the Government derives no benefit.

The statement made by some of the Baltimore papers, that all the troops recently passing through that city had not been molested or insulted, is incorrect. Ringgold's artillery were grossly insulted nearly all the way through the streets, but no offensive attack was made.

It is reported that in consequence of Governor Hicks' remonstrance, the Virginia troops have been withdrawn from Maryland. It promptly occupied by the United States, the heights vacated will completely command the town an encampment of Harper's Ferry.

The World's Washington dispatch says the Huntsville has joined the Niagara before Charles-ton harbor, and the two now constitute an efficient blockade there. At last accounts nothing but fishing smacks had been caught.

It was deemed necessary to-day, to stop the rumors, to despatch a messenger to Arlington Heights to make a critical examination, and see if any batteries had been erected, or if any troops were at hand. He returned and reported that he saw no cannon, and with the exception of a small picket guard of twenty men opposite Georgetown, there were no soldiers to be seen within a radius of fifteen miles of the heights.

The Tribune's Washington dispatch says the President has accepted three five tugs offered by Sturgis, of Chicago, some weeks since. They will be detailed for service at Cairo.

Arrests for treason are being made daily. The lines are being drawn more closely.

The N. Y. Post's special Washington correspondents says there is a spark of Unionism in Eastern Virginia.

The Washington National Intelligencer this morning construes Lord John Russell's recent speech in Parliament as a recognition of the right of the Southern Confederacy to issue letters of marque and bring prizes into British ports.

Charles Repton publishes an address to the people of Fairfax county, Virginia, announcing himself a candidate for Congress for the Seventh District.

Within a fortnight, the Massachusetts troops, under Gen. Butler, will have possession of Gosport Navy Yard, or destroy it.

The Government is concentrating an immense force at Fortress Monroe.

It has been determined to appoint Collectors for the different Southern ports, and the President is engaged in selecting men of energy to fulfil the important functions confided to them. The duties will be collected on board men-of-war, whatever may be the opinion of legal authorities here or elsewhere on the subject.

Ex-Senator Cooper of Frederick, Md., reports that he will have a regiment ready to be mustered into service on Monday next.

The country may not generally be aware that there is at this moment, an agent of the French Emperor traveling in the South by the name of Baroche. He is instructed to say that he is collecting information for the commercial bureaus of the Minister of Public Works, but this is an artifice, he is a political, more than a commercial agent, and his despatches, regularly forwarded to Paris, necessarily exercise great influence over the mind of the Emperor.

CHICAGO, May 18.

Senator Douglas has been very ill with typhoid fever ever since he returned to this city, and fears are entertained by his friends that he will not recover.

The World's despatch from Washington says: Passengers via Harper's Ferry report the rebels erecting fortifications on the Maryland side; also erecting one of railroad iron, twelve miles below the Ferry.

Information was received by Gen. Scott that there were just 4,500 rebel troops at Harper's Ferry.

NEW ORLEANS, May 18.

The steamer General Miramon arrived from Havana on the 13th. The U. S. Consul refuses to give clearances to vessels for ports in the seceded States.

The differences between the North and South are greatly affecting commerce.

MONTGOMERY, May 18.

Congress passed a number of bills, organizing the Patent Office, regulating Telegraph lines, and authorizing the issue of \$50,000,000 bonds, payable in 20 years, with the interest not to exceed 8 per cent, or, in lieu of bonds, an issue of \$20,000,000 in treasury notes in small sums, with out interest.

An Act passed abolishing the Mints at New Orleans and Dahlonega after the 1st of June.

Congress has been invited by the Alabama and Florida Railroad Company to visit Pensacola. The invitation was declined, but it is understood that some members will go.

Information was received by Gen. Scott that the same members will go.

MONTGOMERY, May 18.

Arkansas has been admitted as one of the Confederate States. The delegates present are R. W. Johnson, A. Rust, A. H. Garland, W. W. Watson and H. F. Thomasson.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.

The U. S. District Attorney will commence proceedings on Monday against the prizes brought by the Yankee. It is doubted whether any other action can be taken other than causing their detention.

CALIFORNIA.

The fire on Commercial street, San Francisco, on the 27th, was very destructive in its character. The buildings destroyed were principally occupied by Cheap Johns as auction rooms. The conflagration originated in Meyer's jewelry store, and crossed from the North to the South side of the street. The rear of the brick buildings on Sacramento street were badly damaged. Meyers, on whose premises the fire first started, has been arrested. The loss on goods alone is estimated at \$73,000.

A row of wooden buildings on Jackson street, between Battery and Front, was also destroyed by fire on the same day.

The remains of the late Hon. Charles W. Piercy, killed in a duel with Showalter, were buried on the 27th in Lone Mountain Cemetery.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.

The U. S. District Attorney will commence proceedings on Monday against the prizes brought by the Yankee. It is doubted whether any other action can be taken other than causing their detention.

SAINT LOUIS, May 18.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky.

The steamer Fred Lorenz, from St. Louis for Paducah, was detained here for an answer from the Department at Washington whether the blockade shall not be made complete by stopping all supplies of provisions nominally consigned to parties in Kentucky

THE BRITISH COLONIST

TO ADVERTISERS.

All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

Notice to Subscribers.

Subscribers to the DAILY or WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST, in British Columbia or Washington Territory, are hereby notified that on and after this date all papers will be sent by MAIL, unless specially ordered by some other conveyance.

VICTORIA, Nov. 17th, 1860.

Gratuitous.

Notices of Divine Service and Advertisements of Marriages or Deaths inserted GRATUITOUSLY.

Monday Morning, June 10, 1861.

The News.

The news from the States is highly interesting. Though devoid of the usual incidents of an European civil war—such as pitched battles, defeat, victory, killed, wounded, prisoners of war, martial law and summary punishment for treason—still it is entirely in favor of the Federal government, and indicates the speedy suppression of the revolt. The Lincoln administration is gradually developing its plan of the summer campaign, with the design of making the civil war a short one. The military and naval preparations are of the most stupendous character. The South is to be overawed from every available point. The sea forces will be distributed in blockading squadrons along the whole Southern coast. Norfolk and Gosport Navy Yard, at the mouth of Chesapeake Bay, will be taken from the rebels; and thus the eastern shores of Virginia and Maryland will be placed under the control of the blockading squadron. Charleston is already blockaded. The Savannah blockade will follow. Pensacola, with the aid of the navy and Fort Pickens, will be placed under Federal sway, and the forces of Gen. Bragg dispersed. Mobile, the mouth of the Mississippi, and Galveston, will also have their blockading squadrons, and like other Southern ports, have Federal collectors of the revenue on board. Thus the coast line of operations will be completed.

The operations of the land forces are well designed to co-operate with the fleet, and narrow down the civil war to the Cotton States alone. First, we have Baltimore garrisoned by Federal troops. Below it Annapolis, the capital of Maryland, is also in their possession. So with the command of Chesapeake Bay, the Federal forces may be landed there and sent by railroad to Washington, as well as through Baltimore. Secession in Maryland is completely overawed. Richmond is the next point to which the Federal forces are likely to be directed. Situated as it is in the centre of East Virginia, strong force there, and an open line of communication with the North both by land and sea, will not only protect Washington from the army of Jeff. Davis, but will force Virginia to be quiet, or else to expel the Federal troops. From Richmond and Norfolk troops may be poured into North Carolina whenever required. It is evident that as soon as preparations are completed, that Eastern Virginia and North Carolina will be occupied by Federal troops. Already the rebel army at Richmond is dissatisfied, and if Jeff. Davis does not head them and lead them to victory, Eastern Virginia will be reduced to submission, and he will either have to abdicate or confine his operations to the Cotton States.

It is not improbable that an attack on the rebel forces at Harper's Ferry will be made, even before troops are moved towards Richmond. It is too important a point to be left in the enemy's hands, commanding as it does a route from Baltimore into Western Virginia. Bordering on Pennsylvania and Ohio, as Western Virginia does, with Harper's Ferry in the hands of the Federalists, the whole Eastern Border States would be at the mercy of the Washington government.

In the Great West, Kentucky has declared for an armed neutrality. Exposed as she is to inroads from Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio, which skirt her whole northern boundary, she would be an easy victory to the North-Missouri, through the vigorous measures of General Harney, is literally subdued. St. Louis, his head-quarters, is virtually under martial law. Besides his command there, a large force is near in Illinois, ready at call. Missouri is helpless, so far as aiding the Southern Confederacy. Surrounded by free States, Kansas on the west, Iowa on the north, Illinois on the east, her military organization will be thoroughly suppressed, and treated by Harney as treason. At Cairo, the southern extremity of Illinois, at the junction of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, the Federal Government have collected a large force. It is an excellent strategical position, commanding the Mississippi and Ohio rivers. Combined with St. Louis, it exposes the western Border States, including Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, and Missouri, to attacks from an overwhelming force. Thus, so far as the plan of the Federal campaign is concerned, it appears well-designed to narrow down the struggle to the Cotton States alone. The Border States overawed, and unable to aid the Montgomery Cabinet, the Southern ports all blockaded, and the dissatisfaction and disorder of the rebel troops, combined with the want of money and a Southern navy, we believe, will soon force Jeff. Davis either to achieve

a series of brilliant successes, or cause him to abdicate and fly the country. All mail communication with the South being cut-off, leaves us in the dark as to the plans of the Montgomery Cabinet. But it is evident that either the Secessionists will have to maintain their position in Virginia, or give up the struggle as hopeless. But even were they successful for a time, it is impossible to believe that they could be successful long. The martial spirit of the North is aroused. Party is sunk in the all-absorbing desire to preserve the Union. And with the unanimous purpose and overwhelming superiority of the North in men and money, united with the vigorous policy of Lincoln, we can see no earthly chance for the Secessionists to secure their independence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Charter.

THE BRIGANTINE MARCELLA, having been discharged, is now ready for charter to Callao, Peru. For particulars, apply to ARTHUR PARKER, Master, on board, at the H. B. Co's Wharf. Je6 10

ROBERTSON & McCARTY, Fort Yale, B. C.

Consignees' Notice.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES PER MARCELLA, and the wharfs it may concern. All accounts against the Brigantine Marcella must be paid to me on or before the 11th inst., and all claims for Damaged Goods per said ship must be sent into the Captain forthwith. The cargo of said Marcella having been discharged my connection with the ship and responsibility ceases.

HENRY NATHAN, Victoria, 8th June, 1861. Je6 10

JUST RECEIVED,
BY EXPRESS FROM LONDON,

Ex CORTES AND PACIFIC,
Arnica Court Plaster!

(Superior to ordinary Court Plaster for cuts and abrasions of the skin)

ENGLISH CHEMICALS,
ORIENTAL DRUGS,

MEDICINAL EXTRACTS,
ESSENTIAL OILS, (very fine)
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. SEARBY,
Pharmaceutical Chemist,
Government street.



EX W. D. RICE,

SULPHURIC ACID,

NITRIC ACID,

MURIATIC ACID,

American Patent Medicines,

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

W. M. SEARBY,
Chemist and Druggist,
Government street.

STEAMER "OTTER"

Will leave the H. B. Co's Wharf

For New Westminster

Every TUESDAY and FRIDAY

Mornings, at 7 o'clock.

Freight and passengers carried at the lowest rates.

Shippers are requested to send their goods to the H. B. Co's Wharf, (in readiness for the Otter,) where they will be received and stored free of expense.

W. A. MOUAT, Master.

je6 1m

CAMERON'S

Board and Lodging House,

SCOTT'S WHARF, NEW WESTMINSTER.

R. CAMERON TAKES THIS METHOD of returning his sincere thanks to the traveling public for the manner in which he has been promoted since the opening of his house (14 months ago) and begs to state that he having greatly enlarged his house is now prepared to board and lodge any number of men that may please to call. I am determined, as before, to keep the best table on the river. The beds in the house can not be beat for cleanliness and comfort, being under the management of Mrs. C.

Board and Lodging per week - - - - - \$8 00
Single Meals - - - - - 50
Beds per night - - - - - 50

Parties can have their beds free by furnishing their own blankets. The house is pleasantly situated, being opposite the theatre, and on the wharf where all the steamers start. Here in fact the boys will find every thing skoomuk.

je9 3m

Consignees Notice.

THE BARK GLIMPSE, REYNOLDS MASTER, from San Francisco, will commence discharging at the Hudson Bay Company's Wharf, on Monday morning, Jun 10th, 1861. Consignees are requested to call at the office of the undersigned, pay freight, and receive orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 P. M. will be stored at the expense of the owner, thereon.

PICKETT & CO., Wharf street.

je6

Wright & Sanders,

ARCHITECTS,

Office on Yates street,

SELL CHECKS AT SIGHT ON TAL-

LANT & WILDE, Bankers, San Francisco.

Furnish Bills of Exchange in sum to suit, and at current rates on New York and London.

Pay highest prices for Bars and Gold Dust.

Make advances on Gold Dust for Assay or Collage in San Francisco.

Purchase Navy Bills and Bills on London.

je7 Bmtw

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

A FURNISHED SITTING-ROOM, BED-

ROOM, and room for servant, (without board)

with use of kitchen, is wanted by a gentleman and his wife. Address, "G. H." stating terms, etc.

je8 3m

SAN JUAN LIME,

And Portland Cement

ON HAND AND FOR SALE BY

PEASE & BOYCE,

Union Wharf

je6 1m

RECEIVED, EX PACIFIC,

DIRECT FROM HAVANA

CABANAS y CARBAJAL, Regalia Imperial

Figaros, Regalia Britanica

Figaro prinsado, " "

Montoro, " "

Lotteria, " "

Legitimidad, " "

Manuel Reyna, Regalia Espartero

Caperuza, " "

For sale in lots to suit at G. SUTRO & CO'S.

Yates street.

je6 12p

EX "REVENUE" FROM GLASGOW.

20 1-4 CASKS JAMES STEWART &

Co's superior Paisley Whisky.

310 cases 1-1/2 doz each, Jas. Stewart & Co's super-

ior Paisley Whisky.

50 cases Bernard & Co's Ginger Wine,

50 cases Bernard & Co's Cherry Brandy,

50 cases Bernard & Co's Gin,

3 cases Powder Starch from the well known

manufactory of Brown & Polson, Paisley,

Just received, via San Francisco, and for sale by DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.

Wharf street.

je7

Reduction on Wharfage.

FROM THIS DATE THE RATE OF

Wharfage at Rousey's Wharf will be 25 cents per

load.

FREDK PEARKES.

Victoria, June 1st, 1861.

je8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

EXPRESS NOTICE.

OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & CO., Victoria, June 6th, 1861.

BY PERMISSION OF CAPT. HAYES,

R. N., we will dispatch per H. M. Ship TARTAR,

A Treasure and Letter Express

—FOR—

California, Atlantic States and Europe,

Which will close on

MONDAY NEXT, 10th JUNE,

AT 4 P. M.

je6

C. C. PENDERGAST,

Agent,

Victoria, Post Office, June 7th, 1861.

J. D'EWES,

Postmaster-General,

je6 1d

Victoria, Post Office, June 7th, 1861.

J. D'EWES,

Postmaster-General,

je6 1d

Victoria, Post Office, June 7th, 1861.

J. D'EWES,

Postmaster-General,

je6 1d

Victoria, Post Office, June 7th, 1861.

J. D'EWES,

Postmaster-General,

je6 1d

Victoria, Post Office, June 7th, 1861.

J. D'EWES,

Postmaster-General,

je6 1d

Victoria, Post Office, June 7th, 1861.

J. D'EWES,

Postmaster-General,

je6 1d

Victoria, Post Office, June 7th, 1861.

J. D'EWES,

Postmaster-General,

je6 1d

Victoria, Post Office, June 7th, 1861.

J. D'EWES,

Postmaster-General,

je6 1d

Victoria, Post Office, June 7th, 1861.

J. D'EWES,

THE BRITISH COLONIST

Monday Morning, June 10, 1861.

ARRIVALS FROM THE RIVER.

Cheering News from Cariboo.

The steamers Gov. Douglas and Otter arrived on Saturday night from Fraser River, bringing 45 passengers and \$60,000 in gold dust. Following is our summary of news as gleaned from passengers and others:

LOWER RIVER.

Gov. Douglas arrived safely at Lytton City on Sunday, the 2d inst., in good health and spirits. He met with a fine reception from the inhabitants, and left on the Wednesday following for Fort Kamloops.

The people of Lytton consented to pay an additional half cent per pound on all goods received via Yale, in consideration of the making of a wagon-road from Boston Bar to the Forks of Thompson River. The work will be commenced at once.

At Cayoosh goods are very scarce and business brisk.

Forty Indians left Yale with packs for Boston Bar and Lytton on Friday. No mules were to be had. Business is dull, but trains are daily expected from above.

The river is at its full height, apparently. At Upper Langley it is much higher than at any period last year.

Mining in the canons is suspended for the present, owing to high water. At Hill's Bar 50 or 60 Chinamen and two companies of white miners have been at work this season, making from \$5 to \$7 per day. The gold is obtained from a substratum of pay-dirt, and is quite coarse and rusty. High water has driven the miners out. Judge Perrier brought down five ounces of gold from this bar, which he intends having assayed.

At Prince Albert's Flat the water has backed up into the tunnels and stopped operations.

The Fort Hope Silver Mining Company's operations are not interfered with by the rising of the river, and the tunnel is progressing slowly but surely towards the lead.

Bishop Hills is at Douglas, and visited the Esperanza silver lead on Thursday. He was to hold divine worship there yesterday.

FROM CARIBOO.

Mr. Dan. Braley, the Cariboo Expressman, came down on the Douglas. He is just from Cariboo, having left the Forks of Quesnel River on the 24th of last month.

Mr. Braley has been to Antler Creek and speaks in glowing terms of the mining prospects there. The Antler is from 100 to 300 feet wide in places, with occasional falls and canons. No large boulders like those met with on the lower rivers are encountered, and the diggings are easily worked. There was four feet of snow on the banks; but as the weather was beautiful and very warm it was fast disappearing.

Most of the gold is found on the bed rock. The principal mining is done on the beds of the creek, the dirt of which pays from the top to bottom. The gold in the top-dirt is finer than that found on the bed-rock and the value will pay well to sluice. In the hills and river-banks rich pay is found.

While Mr. B. was at Antler Hill, Robinson & Co. worked two days in their claim sluicing the bed of the creek, and took out \$900. The company is composed of five men. Capt. Bowen & Co. have made over \$50 a day each since they got to work. Their operations were much precluded by the snow. Dennis Kane & Co. had, it was reported, made \$300 a day to the man in the bank; Dud. Moreland planned out \$220 in one day from his claim, which our informant himself saw. Smith & Hendrieck's claim, in the bank next to Hill, Robinson's, was yielding \$100 a day to the hand with rockers.

Cunningham Creek is eight or ten miles above Antler, and heads in the same range of hills. It was struck last fall, when one or two claims prospered well. No miners had yet worked on it.

Williams' Creek is ten miles from the head of Antler in a northerly direction, and empties into Swamp River. The diggings were struck this spring. Our informant did not visit it himself, but learned that prospects varying from fifty cents to \$1 had been obtained. About fifty miners were waiting for the snow to disappear.

Swamp River does not pay, but all its tributaries so far as prospected pay richly.

Parties who had gone down Antler Creek to within a short distance of its mouth report \$15 and \$20 diggings.

On Keithley Creek the water was very high; two companies only being at work in the bank. The pay-dirt washed and paid well. Fifty men were on the stream.

Harvey's Creek was reported as paying from \$20 to \$25 a day each to forty men.

The route to Antler Creek is by the North Fork of Quesnel to Cariboo Lake; thence in a northerly direction from the river to the headwaters of Antler. The best diggings found are near the sources of that stream.

At Rich Bar, near the mouth of Quesnel, nothing was doing owing to a scarcity of water.

There are 1200 men at the forks of Quesnel and in the Cariboo diggings; 300 more are reported at Rich Bar and Alexandria. The supply of goods does not equal the demand, and a scarcity is feared. Pack animals are in demand.

Provisions at Forks City were: \$33 per ton for flour; 40c. per lb. for beans; bacon, 75c.; China sugar, 75c. The only provisions taken into the Cariboo diggings have been on miles' or Indians' backs. Pack trains are no doubt in at the diggings by this time.

No deaths or accidents have occurred among the miners this year. Four white women have reached Forks City. Chinamen are not allowed to go to Cariboo by the white miners.

On the 1st of June, the time to which recorded claims could be held by absentees expired. Half-a-dozen men were encamped on each unrepresented claim, ready to make a rush for it when the time was up. The miners without claims are talking about reducing the size of claims at Antler from 100 feet to 50.

A small sawmill, driven by water-power is at work on Antler; lumber 12 cents per foot. Another sawmill is projected on the North Fork of Quesnel.

It is in contemplation to flume the North Fork a distance of five or six miles' next fall, by Armstrong and Bailey.

Spence & Co. have secured a right for five years to dam the South Fork of Quesnel and work the bed of the river.

\$2000 have been appropriated by the Government to improve the trail from Williams Lake to Forks City.

Mr. Braley, in conclusion, says, the feeling throughout the northern country is one of utmost confidence in the mines, and not the least doubt is entertained by every one there but that the diggings will yet prove as rich and extensive as any ever before struck. He thinks, however, that there are as many men now in the mines as can be supplied by the packers this year, with the present facilities.

A NOTE FROM "ARGUS."

Our special correspondent to Cariboo sends us the following exciting piece of mining intelligence from Beaver Lake, under date of May 16th. As yet he has written only from hearsay, but the next letter we expect to receive from him will be from the very centre of the new Eldorado:

EDITOR BRITISH COLONIST.—Mr. Beedy, well

known throughout the Colony, has just arrived from Forks City, and states that new diggings have been discovered on a creek 12 miles beyond Antler. Rich prospects were taken out. The parties who made the discovery returned to Keithley's for provisions.

Rose, Macdonald & Co. were taking out \$120 a day to the hand on Antler Creek. They found a nugget weighing four ounces. George Weaver obtained 25 ounces of gold from a pan of dirt taken out of a crevice in his claim on the same stream!

Men were going about in Antler offering to work for board, in order to remain on the spot until the snow disappears. The miners will have to return to the Forks, owing to the want of provisions. Indian wages had risen to \$50 a trip. I shall be detained here for a day or two, waiting for barley for the mules, which is expected on Hutchinson's train. The packers do not like to attempt the trail without feed for the animals.

ARGUS.

Cricket Match.

The return match between the Victoria Cricket Club and the Fleet Club, was played on Saturday. The Fleet Club won the game with seven wickets to go down. Following is the score:

VICTORIA CLUB

FIRST INNINGS.	SECOND INNINGS.
Trutch, J. W. et Mus- ters, bd Young.....	5 bd Young.....
Wootton, bd Young	5 bd and et Dibby.....
Green, bd Howard.....	5 bd Dibby.....
Trutch, Jno. et Mus- ters, bd Howard.....	5 bd Young.....
Lee, bd Howard.....	5 bd Young.....
Webster, run out.....	11 bd Young.....
Wallace, et Davis, bd Young.....	1 bd Howard.....
Gordon, bd Young.....	4 bd Howard.....
Morrison, bd Young.....	3 not out.....
Nathan, not out.....	2 et Musters, bd Howard.....
Trutch, Jno. run out.....	2 et Howard.....
Wides.....	1 Wides.....
Byes.....	6 Byes.....
No balls.....	6 No balls.....
Leg byes.....	9 Leg Byes.....
Total.....	43 Total.....
Total, both Innings.....	104

FLEET

FIRST INNINGS.	SECOND INNINGS.
Bottomey, bd Green	0 bd Lee.....
Musters, et Wallace, bd	3 et Gordon, bd Green.....
Trutch.....	22 run out.....
Howard, et Trutch, bd	7 not out.....
Green.....	12 not out.....
Young, W. A. G., bd	17 not out.....
Dibby, run out.....	8 2 Wides.....
Somerset, run out.....	9 Byes.....
Powles, bd Green.....	0 No Balls.....
Chappel, et Trutch, bd	0 Leg Byes.....
Green.....	0 Total.....
Davies, not out.....	33
Buckner, bd Green.....	Total.....
Ashley, run out.....	2
Wides.....	4
Byes.....	8
Leg Byes.....	0
No Balls.....	1
Total.....	73
Total, both Innings.....	109

RECAPITULATION.

Victoria Club, Total.....	104
Fleet, Total.....	109

Fleet Club winning with seven wickets to go down.

HIGH PRICES ANTICIPATED.—In consequence of the rebellion in the United States and the consequent fears entertained of privateers by shippers from Northern markets, imported goods are advancing in California. Eastern butter has gone up to 40 cents per pound, and it is authoritatively stated that there are not 3000 packages in the San Francisco market. Sugar, candles, soap, clothing, &c., have also advanced greatly. Since the secession of Virginia, and the blockade of her ports, tobacco bids fair to rise to so high a figure as to place it entirely beyond the reach of poor folks—and if the troubles continue very long, many a man who has habituated himself to the use of the weed, will be compelled to forgo that exotic luxury. The ladies will, of course, be very sorry if their husbands and sons have to refrain from the indulgence of their appetites in that regard until such times as peace is made. Several tobacco merchants, in view of the expected rise in that commodity, look forward to a golden future. "Tis an ill wind that blows nobody good."

CONVICTION OF INDIAN WHISKY SELLERS.—Charles Brown and "Hospital" Hall, the former a well-known Indian whisky-seller and the latter a novice at the business, were convicted before the Police Magistrate on Saturday last of having sold a can of alcohol to an Indian. Mr. D. B. Ring appeared as counsel for the prisoners. After the conviction, Brown said that if let off with a light fine he would leave the country. Mr. Pemberton told him that he did not believe he should be acting right if he turned him adrift to prey upon any other community, and accordingly sentenced him to pay a fine of £100, or go to the chain-gang for one year. Hall, in consideration of his being his first offence, was fined £50 or six months in the chain-gang.

GORED AT SAN JUAN ISLAND.—On Wednesday last, a German, while driving a number of cattle from the steamboat landing on San Juan Island, where they had been left by the Eliza Anderson on the previous evening, was attacked by one of the brutes and gored so badly as to render recovery impossible. One of the horns of the animal passed in under the unfortunate man's left jaw, through the tongue and roof of the mouth, and came out at the right eye, inflicting most dreadful injuries, among others, tearing the tongue from its roots!

WON'T PAY.—It is not generally known that it has been intimated by Judge Cameron that the Real Estate Tax Act is unconstitutional as the Road and Bridge Act. Consequently certain large tax-payers have declared their intention to resist the payment of taxes. We are really getting into a fine mess.

HONOR TO THE MEMORY OF THE DUCHESS OF KENT.—Yesterday at sundown, H. M. S. Bachants and Tartar fired thirty minute guns each, in respect to the memory of the late Duchess of Kent. The flags of the vessels have been at half-mast for the past seven days.

AUCTION.—Dealers will do well to attend the sale of clothing, blankets, gentlemen's furnishing goods, &c., at Mr. McCrea's rooms this morning at 11 o'clock. The goods are from London ex Marcella, and comprise an excellent assortment.

GUNBOAT "GRAPPLER."—The gunboat Grappler left yesterday for Nanaimo. She will cruise around from Cape Mudge to Nanaimo and Salt Spring Island during the summer.

AUCTION.—Dealers will do well to attend the sale of clothing, blankets, gentlemen's furnishing goods, &c., at Mr. McCrea's rooms this morning at 11 o'clock. The goods are from London ex Marcella, and comprise an excellent assortment.

GUNBOAT "GRAPPLER."—The gunboat Grappler left yesterday for Nanaimo. She will cruise around from Cape Mudge to Nanaimo and Salt Spring Island during the summer.

THE schooner Nanaimo Packet arrived on Saturday night from Nanaimo, with twenty-three and a half tons of coal.

The bark Francis Palmer was up in the Merchants' line at San Francisco for this port when the Glimpse left.

THANKS.—To Capt. Geo. A. Reynolds, Messrs. Pickett & Co., and Mr. W. T. Moore, for late papers by the Glimpse.

TRYED TO LET DAYLIGHT IN.—A Fort Rupert Indian was seen crossing the old bridge on Saturday evening, having in his possession a bundle of *kitas* and four pair of pants on his lower limbs. Sgt. Blake and officer Riley overhauled him near the camp, and were about relieving him of the property when he drew a bowie knife and endeavored to let daylight into Blake's bread-basket. He was quickly disarmed and taken to jail.

THE express and mails per H. M. S. Tartar, will close at 4 o'clock to-day.

Still Further by the Glimpse.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.

The Democrat, of this morning, gives an account of the capture of several Secessionists at Potosi and DeSoto, Washington county, on Wednesday of this week, by a company of United States soldiers, sent out from the arsenal by Gen. Lyon, and commanded by Capt. Cole.

Some Union men had been driven out of Washington county, and their lives had been threatened by Secessionists; therefore Gen. Lyon sent the detachment of soldiers over to protect them.

The company under Capt. Cole arrived at Potosi at 3 o'clock on Wednesday morning, and at once threw a chain of sentinels around the town. Guards were then stationed around the dwellings of the most prominent Secessionists, and shortly after daylight some 150 men found themselves prisoners and were marched off to the Court House. Here the prisoners were formed in line and with the assistance of a gentleman of Potosi, who knew all the inhabitants of the place, the Union men were recognized and released, amounting to over half of those taken prisoners. Some fifty of the Secessionists were also released on parole of honor, after subscribing to the usual oath, not to take up arms against the United States, and nine of the leaders were marched off to the cars.

The guard made a descent on a lead manufacturer and captured nearly 400 pigs of lead which belonged to a man who had been furnishing lead to the Southern army. The man's name is John Dean, and is now a prisoner at the Arsenal. It appears that Dean had been in the habit of hauling the lead with his own team to the Arkansas line and selling it to Secessionists for the Southern army. The guard captured several pistols, rifles, shot guns, and a quantity of Secession uniforms, most of them unfinished, and some uniform cloth.

On their way back to St. Louis, Capt. Cole's company halted at De Soto, in Jefferson county, where there was to be a Secession meeting and flag raising. Here he found a company of cavalry drilling, which, seeing the United States troops, immediately fled, leaving 30 horses, which were captured by the troops and placed under guard.

The guard made a descent on a lead manufacturer and captured nearly 400 pigs of lead which belonged to a man who had been furnishing lead to the Southern army. The man's name is John Dean, and is now a prisoner at the Arsenal. It appears that Dean had been in the habit of hauling the lead with his own team to the Arkansas line and selling it to Secessionists for the Southern army. The guard captured several pistols, rifles, shot guns, and a quantity of Secession uniforms, most of them unfinished, and some uniform cloth.

The guard made a descent on a lead manufacturer and captured nearly 400 pigs of lead which belonged to a man who had been furnishing lead to the Southern army. The man's name is John Dean, and is now a prisoner at the Arsenal. It appears that Dean had been in the habit of hauling the lead with his own team to the Arkansas line and selling it to Secessionists for the Southern army. The guard captured several pistols, rifles, shot guns, and a quantity of Secession uniforms, most of them unfinished, and some uniform cloth.

The guard made a descent on a lead manufacturer and captured nearly 400 pigs of lead which belonged to a man who had been furnishing lead to the Southern army. The man's name is John Dean, and is now a prisoner at the Arsenal. It appears that Dean had been in the habit of hauling the lead with his own team to the Arkansas line and selling it to Secessionists for the Southern army. The guard captured several pistols, rifles, shot guns, and a quantity of Secession uniforms, most of them unfinished, and some uniform cloth.

The guard made a descent on a lead manufacturer and captured nearly 400 pigs of lead which belonged to a man who had been furnishing lead to the Southern army. The man's name is John Dean, and is now a prisoner at the Arsenal. It appears that Dean had been in the habit of hauling the lead with his own team to the Arkansas line and selling it to Secessionists for the Southern army. The guard captured several pistols, rifles, shot guns, and a quantity of Secession uniforms, most of them unfinished, and some uniform cloth.

The guard made a descent on a lead manufacturer and captured nearly 400 pigs of lead which belonged to a man who had been furnishing lead to the Southern army. The man's name is John Dean, and is now a prisoner at the Arsenal. It appears that Dean had been in the habit of hauling the lead with his own team to the Arkansas line and selling it to Secessionists for the Southern army. The guard captured several pistols, rifles, shot guns, and a quantity of Secession uniforms, most of them unfinished, and some uniform cloth.

The guard made a descent on a lead manufacturer and captured nearly 400 pigs of lead which belonged to a man who had been furnishing lead to the Southern army. The man's name is John Dean, and is now a prisoner at the Arsenal. It appears that Dean had been in the habit of hauling the lead with his own team to the Arkansas line and selling it to Secessionists for the Southern army. The guard captured several pistols, rifles, shot guns, and a quantity of Secession uniforms, most of them unfinished, and some uniform cloth.

The guard made a descent on a lead manufacturer and captured nearly 400 pigs of lead which belonged to a man who had been furnishing lead to the Southern army. The man's name is John Dean, and is now a prisoner at the Arsenal. It appears that Dean had been in the habit of hauling the lead with his own team to the Arkansas line and selling it to Secessionists for the Southern army. The guard captured several pistols, rifles, shot guns, and a quantity of Secession uniforms, most of them unfinished, and some uniform cloth.

The guard made a descent on a lead manufacturer and captured nearly 400 pigs of lead which belonged to a man who had been furnishing lead to the Southern army. The man's name is John Dean, and is now a prisoner at the Arsenal. It appears that Dean had been in the habit

GROCERIES, ETC.

Sporborg & Goldstone,

YATES' FIRE PROOF

STONE Warehouse, Wharf Street,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS in Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, etc., etc.

SPORBORG & GOLDSTONE, Dealers in Oregon Produce and Commission Merchants.

SPORBORG & GOLDSTONE, Agents for California Brooms manufactured at San Francisco. The trade supplied at a small advance above manufacturer's rates.

10,000 LBS. of splendid Oregon Bacon, for sale at SPORBORG & GOLDSTONE'S.

150 CASES BOOTS AND SHOES, for sale low at SPORBORG & GOLDSTONE'S.

50 CASES OREGON LARD, for sale low at SPORBORG & GOLDSTONE'S, Yates' Fire Proof Warehouse, Wharf street.

S. MARTIN, Victoria. [A. MARTIN, San Francisco.

MARTIN BROS.,

Wholesale Grocers,

—AND—

PROVISION DEALERS,

11 WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND, EX-Recent arrivals, a large assortment of goods in their line, selected with particular reference to Vancouver Island and British Columbia trade.

All goods warranted and sold at the lowest market rates.

All orders promptly attended to.

my23 3m MARTIN BROS.

GLADWIN, TARRELL & CO.,

IMPORTERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Groceries and Provisions,

Wharf street, foot of Yates,

VICTORIA, V. I.

my18 1f

L. MOUTTET,

Produce Commission Merchant,

JOHNSON STREET, between Wharf and Store Sts.,

VICTORIA, V. I.

FOR SALE, EX STEAMER CORTES

From Portland, and later arrivals from San Francisco :

454 sacks choice Oregon White Oats,

250 sacks choice Island Black Oats,

200 sacks choice Island Wheat,

1200 sacks choice California Barley,

300 sacks choice California Rice, etc., etc.,

and a great variety of other merchandise, all of which will be sold at the lowest rates for cash.

Constantly on hand between 50 and 100 tons.

Orders from any part of the country punctually attended to.

jeb 1m L. MOUTTET.

S. ELSASSER,

Forwarding and Commission Merchant,

AT REINHART BROS. STORE,

VICTORIA, V. I.

Victoria, May 13, 1861. my14 1f

FURNITURE.

BY LATE ARRIVALS, THE UNDER-

signed have received addition to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture—and now offer

PAINTED SETS, ten pieces;

EXTENSION TABLES, 8 and 10 feet long;

CENTRE TABLES, Serpentine and round tops, assorted sizes;

CARD TABLES, harp and square pillars;

COMMON 4' 25c, 3 and 3 1/2 feet, with drawers; also Cherry, Walnut, and painted pine leaf tables;

BEDSTEADS, Mahogany French, Cottage, double and single;

LOUNGES, spring seats, in damask and leather covers;

SOFA'S, spring seats, hair cloth, with round and pillow ends;

DENKS, with full end door fronts;

CHEP FONTERS, walnut and mahogany curved fronts, 3 shelves, red leather;

BUREAUX, one-half marble top, scroll and pine leaf, 3 and 3 1/2 drawers;

WHAT-NOTS, walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves;

MIRRORS, in gilt and mahogany frames, as sorted sizes, for parlors, chambers and saloons;

CHILDREN'S cribs and cradles, also high and low chairs, assorted patterns;

CHAIRS, mahogany hair cloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, oak, dining, Grecian cane, heavy bar room, and common wood seats;

ROCKERS, spring seats, mahogany and cane seats and backs, sewing arm;

SINKS, wash stands, chair cushions, coverlets, towel racks, willow crads, etc.

BEDDING,

Pulu, Curled Hair, Moss, Wool, and Straw Mattress, best Feather Pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use none but the best materials and guarantee our work.

PIERCE & SEYMOUR,

Broad street, between Yates and View.

Victoria, V. I. Feb 22 my23 1m

ASSAY OFFICE.

MARCHAND & CO.,

Respectfully announce to the public of

VICTORIA AND BRITISH COLUMBIA

that they have opened their new office for the

ASSAYING OF GOLD, SILVER,

COPPER, AND OTHER ORES,

And are now fully prepared to make all Assays entrusted to them with

Correctness and Care.

Returns made in from 3 to 6 hours in bar or coin at the option of the depositor.

M & CO. beg to refer to the following bankers :

Wells, Fargo & Co., Victoria

McDonald & Co., Victoria

Ladd & Tilton, Portland Oregon

Davidson & May, San Francisco

Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco

B. & W. W. Francisco

Larrett & Co., San Francisco

Sather & Church, San Francisco

Harris & Co., San Francisco

Abel Guy & Co., San Francisco

OFFICE—in the building formerly occupied by McDonald & Co. No. 8, Yates street, Victoria my10 1m

FOR SALE EX RECENT ARRIVALS.

50 CASES TENANT'S PALE ALE

50 (qts.)

20 cases Tennant's Strong Ale (qts.)

20 cases Judd & Cope's Burton Ale (qts.)

20 cases Bvys' Pale Ale (qts.)

10 cases Oregon Cider,

20 cases Old Tom,

20 cases Davenport's Wheat Whisky,

25 cases Duff Gordon's Pale Sherry,

25 cases Superior Brandy,

30 cases Booth & Newell's Gin,

25 cases Grecian Cardial,

15 cases Assorted Syrups,

25 cases Old Bourbon Whisky,

5 puncheons Bernard's Old Tom,

5 puncheons Stewart's Scotch Whisky,

5 dr. McKenzie's 60 do do

In lots to suit.

J. J. SOUTHGATE & Co.,

Wharf street.

my22 1m

J. T. PIDWELL,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Corner of Yates and Langley streets,

I have just received an invoice of de-

sirable Clothing and other Merchandise, which

is to be seen at his office.

my23 1m

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

Bank Exchange Saloon.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having leased the building adjoining his Saloon at the corner of Langley Alley and Yates street, is about enlarging and fitting it up in a first-class style. When the contemplated improvements are completed he will be prepared to lease one half of the premises, to a good tenant at a low rent, for a store.

As heretofore the best brands of

WINES, ALES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

Always on hand.

JO. LOVETT,

Bank Exchange Saloon.

my20 1f

Washington Restaurant

—AND—

COFFEE SALOON,

GOVERNMENT St. bet. YATES AND JOHNSON

MEALS FURNISHED AT ALL HOURS

ON the shortest notice and best style.

Board per Week, \$7.00 and upwards.

THE FINEST WINES, PORTER, ALE

—AND—

SEGARS,

my21 1m

PARIS AND LONDON

ROTISSEURIE AND RESTAURANT,

Government street, corner Trounce alley

VICTORIA, V. I.

First class Restaurant in every particular.

The Cooking Department is managed by the Proprietors, and the tables are furnished with all the delicacies of the season.

A ROASTING JACK is used for roasting meat before the fire.

Private Saloons for Parties.

Meats, Game and Chickens roasted before the fire, for the convenience of Families or Messes.

Wine, Ale and Porter to order.

Private entrance on Trounce alley. my19 1m

Hotel and Restaurant,

MINERS' EXCHANGE,

Waddington Alley, bet. Johnson and Yates streets,

VICTORIA, V. I.

Board and Lodging (per week)....\$6 and \$7

Board.....\$5

Meals at all hours.....\$0 cents

The subscriber would notify his friends and the public that he has refitted and furnished the above Establishment, and can now offer a comfortable home to those visiting this Colony.

JOSEPH H. MORRIS,

An Old Californian.

my1 3m

Hotel International,

Jackson street, a few doors above Montgomery st.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

FOSTER & COLEMAN, (SUCCESSORS

to J. J. Haley) Proprietors.

Having purchased the interest of Mr. Haley in this well known Hotel, the subscriber has endeavored to the old patrons of the house and the public generally, that they have made many alterations and improvements, and refurbished and renovated the house throughout in the most thorough manner, and have added an elegant private hall for the entrance of ladies, and are determined that in the future the house shall possess all the requisites of a FIRST CLASS Hotel, in every particular.

Our Mr. Foster has been bookkeeper of the house for the past two years, and Mr. Foster has been connected with the ocean steamers of this coast for the past eight years as purser, and cheerfully offers his services to families and others in procuring steamer passage, in advance of their arrival here.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES Coaches of the Hotel always in readiness.

FOSTER & COLEMAN.

my13 1m

Alexander Stenhouse,

YATES STREET,

HOUSE AND LAND AGENT,

NOW OFFERS

TO RENT AND LEASE—SEVERAL CON-

VENIENT HOUSES AND STORES; also for Sale or

Lease, several valuable Lots and Premises in different parts of the city.

FOR SALE—A FARM in Metchosin, comprising 200 acres of land, with new dwelling house containing six rooms, spare rooms for servants, good stable, cow shed for 12 cows, pigsties, 14 acres of land fenced and under cultivation, and 16 acres partially fenced, half water frontage. Also, Ploughs, Harrows, and a few other implements, 20 H. P. 2 Horses and a quantity of Fowls and Pigs.

FOR SALE—A Farm of 2.0 acres of land, one-half house, well situated, in the Lake District, with good house and the whole entirely fenced in.

FOR SALE—100 acres excellent Agricultural Land in Esquimalt District.

FOR LEASE—200 acres of Land in Esquimalt District, a good house and out-buildings, garden, and paddocks fenced.

FOR SALE—100 acres excellent Agricultural Land in Esquimalt District.

FOR LEASE—200 acres of Land in Esquimalt District, a good house and out-buildings, garden, and paddocks fenced.

PARTNER WANTED—On a Farm of 200 acres, with good house and out-buildings, garden, and 25 acres fenced. Only a small deposit required. Balance can remain at a low rate of interest.

\$10,000, in sums of not less than \$500, for Loan on Real Estate.

my20 1m

Jacob Strahle & Co.'s

BILLIARD TABLES.

Mr. Lewis Davis,

of the STAR AND GARTER HOTEL, Government street, having been appointed our

Agent for VICTORIA ISLAND, BRITISH CO-

LUMBIA and the PACIFIC COAST,

Orders for our celebrated Billiard Tables, with the new Patent Double Spring Cushion.

IVORY-TOPPED CUES, CUE WAX,

BALLS,

And all other Billiard fixings, if left with him, will be promptly attended to.

JACOB STRAHLE & CO.

my11 1m

New Ship Building Yard.

THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG TO AN-

OUNCE that, having